#### ANNEX IV

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

Product name: XACT Svenska Småbolag (UCITS ETF)

Legal entity identifier: 549300KTKBDGW4BDDA93

#### Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

# Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
• • Yes	• No			
in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 41.26% of sustainable investments  with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			
	with a social objective  It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments			



# To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

The fund promotes environmental and social characteristics through sustainable investments, meaning investments in companies whose economic activities are deemed to contribute to an environmental or social objective in line with the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda and/or activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

The fund's share of sustainable investments in 2023 amounted to 41.26%, based on an average outcome of the fund's sustainable investments per quarter.

Through these sustainable investments, the fund contributed to the following objectives:

Environmental objectives defined in the EU Taxonomy with technical screening criteria

Climate change mitigation.

#### Other environmental objectives

Achieving Sustainable Agriculture and Forestry (SDG 2 & 15), Contributing to Sustainable Energy Use (SDG 7), Promoting Sustainable Buildings (SDG 11), Optimizing Material Use (SDG 12), Mitigating Climate Change (SDG 13), Preserving Terrestrial Ecosystems (SDG 15).

#### Social objectives

Alleviating Poverty (SDG 1), Providing Basic Services (SDG 1, 8, 9, 10 & 11), Combating Hunger and Malnutrition (SDG 2), Ensuring Health (SDG 3), Delivering Education (SDG 4), Safeguarding Peace (SDG 16).

Furthermore, during the reference period, the fund has promoted environmental and/or social characteristics through its criteria for excluding companies whose operations are linked to controversial weapons, military equipment, fossil fuels, alcohol, tobacco, cannabis, pornography and commercial gambling, as well as by excluding companies that have confirmed violations of international norms and conventions related to the environment, human rights, employee rights or anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

The fund has also promoted environmental and/or social characteristics through considering the principal adverse impact on sustainability factors (PAI) related to environment, climate, human rights, employee rights and anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

The fund is an index fund, and the fund's index has been selected with the purpose of achieving the environmental or social characteristics that the fund promotes through its exclusion criteria described above. Concerning promotion via sustainable investments, these investments are included in the fund and its index as stated above but are not an explicit part of the index methodology.

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Metric	Value 2023	Value 2022
Share of sustainable investments (%)	41.26%	37.05%
Carbon footprint (Scope 1,2,3) (tCO2eq/EURm)	632.37	687.39
GHG Intensity (Scope 1, 2, 3) (tCO2eq/EURm)	850.93	783.38
UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises: Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (%)	0.00%	0.00%
Share of investments in companies that are active within the fossil fuels sector (%)	0.00%	0.00%

## ...and compared to previous periods?

The fund company does not invest in companies deemed to have verified violations of the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, nor does the fund company make investments with exposure to banned or controversial weapons or companies with revenue in excess of 5% that is derived from activities (production/distribution) linked to weapons and military equipment, alcohol, tobacco, cannabis, pornography, commercial gambling and fossil fuels, with the exception of any investments in approved transition companies. In exceptional cases, an existing holding can obtain a modified analysis, in which case the holding will be sold as soon as possible, although an exposure may exist during the short period between the changed signal and the sale.

Refer to the table above for a comparison to previous periods.

 What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? The objective of the sustainable investments was to invest in companies whose economic activities are assessed to make a positive contribution to an environmental or social objective, or alternatively companies whose activities are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. The environmental objectives and the social objectives are defined on the basis of the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda.

The objectives the fund contributed to by the end of the reference period are listed above. The contribution to the environmental objectives defined in the EU Taxonomy have been measured through the companies' estimated alignment with the taxonomy in terms of revenue. In regard to the other environmental and social objectives, the contribution to these goals has been measured through the companies' revenue from products and services that, according to the fund company's assessment, can be considered to contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda. Qualifying as a sustainable investment requires an estimated 20% taxonomy aligned revenue, or a 25% revenue from products and services that contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda. In certain cases, the assessment of the company's contribution to environmental or social objectives is based on different criteria than a minimum level of revenue, such as capital expenditure or operational expenditure (CAPEX/OPEX).

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Through the application of the principles stated below during the reference period, the sustainable investments have been ensured to not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective.

- Criteria for excluding companies with activities linked to controversial sectors as well as specific PAI-indicators, such as fossil fuels and controversial weapons.
- Criteria for excluding companies with confirmed violations of international norms and conventions.
- Assessment of the investment not causing significant adverse impacts on sustainability factors (PAI). The assessment is conducted in the fund company's internal PAI tool.
- Assessment of which products and services the company is otherwise involved with, and if these could be deemed to significantly counteract sustainable development.

#### - How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Through the usage of the fund company's internal PAI tool, indicators of adverse impacts on sustainability factors have been analysed and evaluated. Investments that are considered to cause significant adverse impacts are, in accordance with the fund company's assessment method, not deemed as meeting the requirements concerning not causing significant harm within the framework of sustainable investment.

- Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

During the reference period, the fund's investments have been aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. This has been ensured through applicating the fund company's exclusion strategy.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



# How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The portfolio manager considers principle adverse impacts on sustainability factors (PAI). This is done through one of the fund company's developed PAI tools where potential adverse impacts are identified and analysed. Companies deemed to have high risks in regard to PAI are managed primarily through exclusion or asset stewardship.

Below, the indicators that have been analysed for the fund are disclosed:

Adverse sustainability indicator & metric	Value 2023	% coverage 2023	Value 2022	% coverage 2022
1.1 GHG Emissions - Scope 1 GHG emissions (tCO2eq)	8,894.44	99.98%	6,012.91	99.85%
1.1 GHG Emissions - Scope 2 GHG emissions (tCO2eq)	1,723.37	99.98%	1,134.19	99.85%
1.1 GHG Emissions - Scope 3 GHG emissions (tCO2eq)	93,362.12	99.98%	69,986.91	99.85%
1.1 GHG Emissions - Scope 1+2 GHG emissions (tCO2eq)	10,617.84		7,147.16	
1.1 GHG Emissions - Scope 1+2+3 GHG emissions (tCO2eq)	103,979.94		77,134.12	
1.2 Carbon Footprint - Carbon Footprint Scope 1+2+3 (tCO2eq/EURm)	632.37	99.98%	687.39	99.85%
1.2 Carbon Footprint - Carbon Footprint Scope 1+2 (tCO2eq/EURm)	64.86	99.98%	63.69	99.85%
1.3 GHG intensity of investee companies - GHG Intensity Scope 1+2+3 (tCO2eq/EURm)	850.93	99.97%	783.38	99.73%
1.3 GHG intensity of investee companies - GHG Intensity Scope 1+2 (tCO2eq/EURm)	63.25	99.97%	58.78	99.73%
1.4 Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector - Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector (%)	0.00%	99.99%	0.00%	99.88%

## Contn

Adverse sustainability indicator & metric	Value 2023	% coverage 2023	Value 2022	% coverage 2022
1.5 Share of non-renewable energy consumption and Production - Share of non-renewable energy consumption of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage (%)	59.04%	66.78%	60.99%	65.13%
1.5 Share of non-renewable energy consumption and Production - Share of non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage (%)	29.42%	22.60%	26.71%	21.88%
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm)				
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - A – AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	0.00			
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - B – MINING AND QUARRYING	0.00			
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - C – MANUFACTURING	0.69		0.74	
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - D - ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND AIR CONDITIONING SUPPLY	0.55		0.55	
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - E – WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	0.00			
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - F -CONSTRUCTION	0.10		0.11	
1.6 Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector - Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector (GWh/EURm) - G – WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	0.03		0.04	

## Contn

	-		_
Value 2023	% coverage 2023	Value 2022	% coverage 2022
0.00			
0.58		0.61	
0.00%	99.99%	0.00%	99.88%
2.97	7.51%	3.48	6.44%
2.06	86.00%	1.35	42.64%
0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	100.00%
42.92%	96.09%	62.33%	90.36%
0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
36.51%	99.83%	36.84%	98.79%
0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	100.00%
54.54%	99.99%	55.24%	99.36%
	0.00  0.58  0.00%  2.97  2.06  0.00%  42.92%  0.00%  36.51%	Value 2023       coverage 2023         0.00          0.58          0.00%       99.99%         2.97       7.51%         2.06       86.00%         0.00%       100.00%         42.92%       96.09%         0.00%       0.00%         36.51%       99.83%         0.00%       100.00%	Value 2023       coverage 2022         0.00          0.58       0.61         0.00%       99.99%       0.00%         2.97       7.51%       3.48         2.06       86.00%       1.35         0.00%       100.00%       0.00%         42.92%       96.09%       62.33%         0.00%       0.00%       36.51%         99.83%       36.84%         0.00%       0.00%         0.00%       0.00%

#### Contn

Adverse sustainability indicator & metric	Value 2023	% coverage 2023	Value 2022	% coverage 2022
3.9 Lack of a human rights policy - Share of investments in entities without a human rights policy (%)	2.37%	95.62%	1.56%	90.87%
1.15 GHG Intensity - GHG intensity of investee countries (KtonCO2eq/EURm)	0.00	0.00%		0.00%
1.16 Investee countries subject to social violations - Number of investee countries subject to social violations (absolute number and relative number divided by all investee countries), as referred to in international treaties and conventions, United Nations principles and, where applicable, national law.	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%



#### What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 2023-01-01 to 2023-12-31

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets 2023	% Assets 2022	Country
SKFB	Manufacturing	3.87%	3.66%	SE
Trelleborg B	Manufacturing	3.50%	3.16%	SE
Indutrade	Manufacturing	3.31%	3.21%	SE
SSAB B	Manufacturing	3.28%	2.60%	SE
Skanska B	Construction	3.05%	3.33%	SE
Beijer Ref B	Manufacturing	2.70%	2.05%	SE
Addtech B	Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles	2.66%	2.03%	SE
Tele2 B	Information and Communication	2.63%	2.65%	SE
Getinge B	Manufacturing	2.48%	2.68%	SE
Sagax B	Real Estate Activities	2.47%	2.62%	SE
Swedish Orphan Biovitrum	Manufacturing	2.42%	2.19%	SE
Securitas	Administrative and Support Service Activities	2.33%	2.57%	SE
Castellum	Real Estate Activities	2.27%	2.07%	SE
Holmen B1	Manufacturing	2.04%	2.23%	SE
Husqvarna B	Manufacturing	1.99%	1.78%	SE



### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

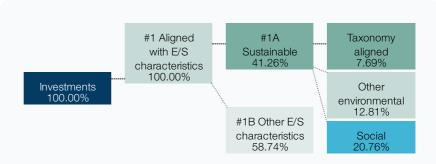
Asset allocation describes the share

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

What was the asset allocation?



**#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2** Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- Underkategorin Nr1A Hållbara omfattar miljömässigt och socialt hållbara investeringar.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

#### • In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector/Industry code	Sector/Industry name	Sum
С	Manufacturing	49.97%
10	Manufacture of food products	1.92%
14	Manufacture of wearing apparel	0.32%
16	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	0.31%
17	Manufacture of paper and paper products	3.21%
20	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	2.85%
21	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations	3.23%
22	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	3.50%
23	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	0.03%
24	Manufacture of basic metals	5.50%
25	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	0.45%
26	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	8.18%
27	Manufacture of electrical equipment	3.48%
28	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	11.86%
29	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	1.59%

Other manufacturing	3.10%
Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply	0.10%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.10%
Construction	6.21%
Construction of residential and non-residential buildings	3.90%
Civil engineering	0.80%
Specialised construction activities	1.51%
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles	4.74%
Wholesale trade	2.66%
Retail trade	2.08%
Transportation and Storage	0.00%
Accommodation and Food Service Activities	0.98%
Accommodation	0.98%
Information and Communication	8.69%
Publishing activities	4.38%
Programming, broadcasting, news agency and other content distribution activities	0.38%
Telecommunication	2.63%
Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	1.29%
Financial and Insurance Activities	5.13%
Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding	5.13%
Real Estate Activities	13.93%
Real estate activities	13.93%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	3.54%
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	2.38%
Scientific research and development	1.16%
Administrative and Support Service Activities	3.80%
Investigation and security activities	3.48%
Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	0.32%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	0.00%
Other Service Activities	0.35%
Repair and maintenance of computers, personal and household goods, and motor vehicles and motorcycles	0.35%
	Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply  Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply  Construction  Construction of residential and non-residential buildings  Civil engineering  Specialised construction activities  Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles  Wholesale trade  Retail trade  Transportation and Storage  Accommodation and Food Service Activities  Accommodation  Information and Communication  Publishing activities  Programming, broadcasting, news agency and other content distribution activities  Telecommunication  Computer programming, consultancy and related activities  Financial and Insurance  Activities  Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding  Real Estate Activities  Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities  Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis  Scientific research and development  Administrative and Support Service Activities  Investigation and security activities  Office administrative, office support and other business support activities  Human Health and Social Work Activities  Other Service Activities  Repair and maintenance of computers, personal and

No

for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-larbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules

#### **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which lowcarbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



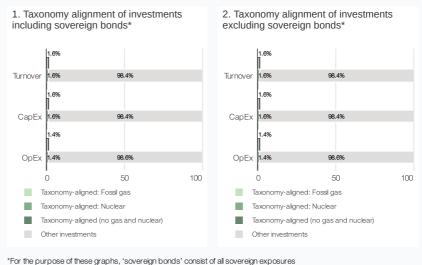
#### To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Where possible, companies have begun to report on the extent to which their activities are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. In addition to reported data, estimated data is available. The fund company has assessed that this estimated data can be considered sufficiently reliable to be used to determine if the company contributes to an environmental objective defined in the EU Taxonomy and on that basis can be considered a sustainable investment in alignment with SFDR Article 2 (17).

The fund company's taxonomy reporting only shows the taxonomy alignment reported directly by the companies. The fund's proportion of taxonomy-aligned investments for 2023 totaled 1.61% based on the companies' revenue.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy?1 Yes: In fossil gas In nuclear energy

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The fund's proportion of taxonomy-aligned investments for 2023 totaled 0.31% in transitional activities and 0.36% in enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective — see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

In 2023, the fund's proportion of taxonomy-aligned investments totaled 1.61%

In 2022, the fund did not report any taxonomy-aligned investments since companies had not typically begun to report on the extent to which their activities were aligned with the EU Taxonomy.



# What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund is able to invest in economic activities that currently cannot be classified as aligned with the EU Taxonomy. This occurs, among other reasons, due to the environmental objectives currently not having complete technical screening criteria and due to the access to reported data from companies being insufficient.

At the end of the reference period, the fund had 12.81% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

Additionally, the fund had 7.69% of sustainable investments that the fund company, based on estimated and/or reported data, deems as contributing to an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy (but which cannot with sufficient certainty be classified as compatible with the EU Taxonomy as such).



#### What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

During the reference period, the fund had 20.76% of sustainable investments with a social objective.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

During the reference period, the fund held cash and equity index derivatives for liquidity and risk management. Concerning investments listed in equity index derivatives, these investments have been made in sustainability-screened derivatives where deemed possible.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

#### Exclusions

During the reference period, the fund has been managed in line with its exclusion strategy, meaning that potential holdings that during this period no longer meet the fund's sustainability requirements have been divested.

## Asset stewardship

The fund company and the portfolio manager have during the reference period conducted active asset stewardship in order to improve upon the portfolio companies' sustainability efforts, reduce sustainability risks and to manage and reduce potential risks regarding adverse impacts on sustainability factors.

#### Engagement

During the reference period, the fund company carried out direct engagement between the fund company and companies 197 times. 20 of these were dialogues with companies that on balance day had holdings in this fund. These dialogues aim to support the continuous improvement of the companies' sustainability efforts and include questions regarding how to handle the company's sustainability risks, the prevention of adverse impacts and contributions to sustainable development. The dialogues can also be reactive/incident based.

In addition to direct dialogues, the fund company has during the reference period taken part in collaborative engagements where 224 companies have been addressed

together with other investors. 5 of these were dialogues with companies that on balance day had holdings in this fund.

Through participating in initiatives, investor statements and networks, the fund company has carried out engagement activities during the reference period.

#### Voting at shareholders' meetings

As a part of the fund company's asset stewardship, the fund company voted on behalf of the fund at 95 shareholders' meetings.

#### Nomination committees

The fund company has through its ownership share taken part in 70 nomination committees and worked to put forward proposals for boards with expertise and diversity. Among these, the fund had holdings in 31 of these companies on balance day.

# **\***

#### How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

# How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

The fund follows an index with sustainability requirements. This means that companies that do not fulfill the requirements for sustainable and responsible investments are not allowed to be part of the index. These companies are ones involved in controversial weapons or with verified violations of international norms related to the environment, human rights, employee rights or anti-corruption and anti-bribery. This also includes companies whose revenue to more than 5% derives from activities (production/distribution) linked to military equipment, alcohol, tobacco, pornography, commercial gambling and fossil fuels.

 How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

The sustainability indicators of the fund and the index as well as the fund's performance relative to a broad market index are reported below.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

The fund is an index fund managed in line with its reference benchmark, Solactive ISS ESG Sweden Small Cap Tradable Idx NR. This means that the fund's performance with regard to the sustainability indicators in all essential aspects are consistent with the reference benchmark's corresponding performance.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

The fund has been compared against a broad, market cap-weighted Swedish small-cap index.

	XACT Svenska Småbolag (UCITS ETF)	Broad market index
Share of sustainable investments (%)	41,26%	39,94%
Carbon footprint (Scope 1,2,3) (tCO2eq/EURm)	632,37	678,22
Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1,2,3) (tCO2eq/EURm)	850,93	656,41
Share of investments in companies that are active within the fossil fuels sector (%)	0,00%	0,08%
Share of investments in investee companes that have been involved in violations of the UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (%)	0,00%	0,00%

#### Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social

characteristics that they

promote.